

1 BENJAMIN W. BULL (AZ Bar No. 009940)
2 TRAVIS C. BARHAM* (AZ Bar No. 024867)
3 Alliance Defense Fund
4 15333 N. Pima Road, Suite 165
5 Scottsdale, Arizona 85260
6 (480) 444-0020
7 (480) 444-0028—facsimile
8 bbull@telladf.org
9 tbarham@telladf.org

7 DAVID A. FRENCH* (TN Bar No. 16692; KY Bar No. 86986)
8 Alliance Defense Fund
9 7141 Old Zion Road
10 Columbia, Tennessee 38401
11 (931) 490-0591
12 (931) 490-7989—facsimile
13 dfrench@telladf.org

11 DAVID J. HACKER (CA Bar No. 249272; IL Bar No. 6283022)
12 Alliance Defense Fund
13 101 Parkshore Drive, Suite 100
14 Folsom, California 95630
15 (916) 932-2850
16 (916) 932-2851—facsimile
17 dhacker@telladf.org

16 * *Pro hac vice* applications forthcoming

17 Attorneys for Plaintiffs College Republicans at San Francisco State University, Leigh Wolf and
18 Trent Downes

19 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
20 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**
21 **SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

21 **COLLEGE REPUBLICANS AT SAN**
22 **FRANCISCO STATE UNIVERSITY**, an
23 unincorporated student organization; **LEIGH**
24 **WOLF**, an individual; **TRENT DOWNES**,
25 an individual,

26 Plaintiffs,

27 v.

27 **ROBERTA ACHTENBERG, JEFFREY**
28 **L. BLEICH, HERBERT L. CARTER,**
CAROL R. CHANDLER, DEBRA S.

Case No. _____

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

1 **FARAR, KENNETH FONG, GEORGE**
2 **GOWGANI, MELINDA GUZMAN,**
3 **WILLIAM HAUCK, RAYMOND**
4 **HOLDSWORTH, JR., RICARDO F.**
5 **ICAZA, ANDREW LaFLAMME, A.**
6 **ROBERT LINSCHIED, PETER G.**
7 **MEHAS, LOU MONVILLE, JENNIFER**
8 **REIMER, CRAIG R. SMITH, GLEN O.**
9 **TONEY, and KYRIAKOS**
10 **TSAKOPOULOS**, all in their official
11 capacities as members of the Board of
12 Trustees of the California State University;
13 **ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER**,
14 Governor of California, **JOHN**
15 **GARAMENDI**, Lieutenant Governor of
16 California, **FABIAN NUNEZ**, Speaker of
17 the California State Assembly, and **JACK**
18 **O'CONNELL**, California State
19 Superintendent of Public Education, all in
20 their official capacities as ex-officio
21 members of the Board of Trustees of the
22 California State University; **CHARLES B.**
23 **REED**, individually and in his official
24 capacity as Chancellor and ex-officio
25 member of the Board of Trustees of the
26 California State University; **ROBERT A.**
27 **CORRIGAN**, individually and in his official
28 capacity as President of San Francisco State
University; **J. E. SAFFOLD**, individually
and in her official capacity as Vice President
for Student Affairs at San Francisco State
University; **JOEY GREENWELL**,
individually and in his official capacity as
Director of the Office of Student Programs
and Leadership Development at San
Francisco State University,

Defendants.

Plaintiffs College Republicans at San Francisco State University, Leigh Wolf, and
Trent Downes, by and through counsel, and for their Complaint against Defendants Roberta
Achtenberg, Jeffrey L. Bleich, Herbert L. Carter, Carol R. Chandler, Debra S. Farar, Kenneth
Fong, George Gowgani, Melinda Guzman, William Hauck, Raymond Holdsworth, Jr., Ricardo
F. Icaza, Andrew LaFlamme, A. Robert Linscheid, Peter G. Mehas, Lou Monville, Jennifer

1 Reimer, Craig R. Smith, Glen O. Toney, Kyriakos Tsakopoulos, Arnold Schwarzenegger, John
2 Garamendi, Fabian Nunez, Jack O'Connell, Charles B. Reed, Robert A. Corrigan, J. E. Saffold,
3 and Joey Greenwell, hereby state as follows:

4 INTRODUCTION

5 1. At the heart of one of the most diverse communities in America, one of
6 California's leading public universities systematically prohibits and punishes political and
7 religious speech by students that is outside the campus political mainstream. Students who
8 matriculate San Francisco State University ("SFSU" or "University") are promised a forum for
9 free debate and free exchange of ideas. However, some views are more welcome than others.

10 2. This case arises from efforts by a public university, SFSU, through its officials, to
11 restrict and abridge the expressive rights of its students and student organizations. SFSU, as a
12 public institution of higher learning, is bound by the First Amendment to the United States
13 Constitution to refrain from infringing on the free speech rights of those it educates. Instead, the
14 Defendants in this case have engaged in unlawful censorship. Through a series of
15 unconstitutional policies and practices, they have attempted to suppress constitutionally
16 protected expression on campus simply because that expression offended the sensitivities of
17 some.

18 3. When College Republicans at San Francisco State University held an Anti-
19 Terrorism Rally on campus in October 2006, one student filed a frivolous complaint with SFSU
20 officials alleging that the College Republicans had "incited violence," created a "hostile
21 environment," and engaged in "acts of incivility." Although the sole basis for the complaint was
22 that members of the College Republicans had stepped on Hamas and Hezbollah flags in an act of
23 political protest—expression that is clearly constitutionally protected—the complaint launched a
24 five-month "investigation" by Defendants into College Republicans' free speech activities,
25 which chilled Plaintiffs' ability to freely express their political, social, cultural and religious
26 ideas on campus.

27 4. The violation of Plaintiffs' First Amendment rights is a symptom of a systemic
28 problem in California's public university system. By policy and practice, the California State

1 University (“CSU”), SFSU, and officials thereof are violating the free speech and expression
2 rights of each and every student on campus. CSU, acting through the trustees and the chancellor,
3 Defendant Charles B. Reed, has implemented a system-wide Orwellian speech code that is
4 vague, overbroad, and suppress the discussion of controversial viewpoints by students. SFSU,
5 acting through, Defendants Robert A. Corrigan, J. E. Saffold, and Joey Greenwell, enforces the
6 CSU speech code and has implemented local speech codes that are vague, overbroad, and
7 suppress the discussion of controversial viewpoints by students. These speech codes are
8 enforced, in part, through a system of reporting that encourages students to file complaints about
9 their fellow students and student organizations whenever those students or organizations utter
10 words or engage in actions deemed subjectively “uncivil,” “intimidating,” or “harassing.”

11 5. To remedy these constitutional violations and to put an end to the ongoing harm
12 Defendants are causing, Plaintiffs College Republicans at San Francisco State University, Leigh
13 Wolf, and Trent Downes seek declaratory and injunctive relief invalidating and prohibiting the
14 enforcement of each of the policies comprising CSU’s and SFSU’s speech codes, and seek
15 damages for the chilling of their First Amendment rights by the University’s investigation of
16 their protected speech and impermissible closure of the “marketplace of ideas.”

17 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

18 6. This action raises federal questions under the First and Fourteenth Amendments
19 to the United States Constitution and the Civil Rights Act of 1871, 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

20 7. This Court has original jurisdiction over these federal claims pursuant to 28
21 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343.

22 8. This Court has authority to award the requested declaratory relief under 28 U.S.C.
23 § 2201; the requested injunctive relief under 28 U.S.C. § 1343(3); the requested damages under
24 28 U.S.C. § 1343(3); and attorneys’ fees under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

25 9. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 in the Northern District of California
26 because a substantial part of the actions or omissions giving rise to this case occurred within this
27 District, and at least one Defendant resides in this District.

28 **INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT**

1 20. OSPLD is one of several departments within the Division of Student Affairs at
2 SFSU. Defendant Greenwell is the current Director of OSPLD.

3 21. OSPLD publishes a Student Organization Handbook. This document states that
4 OSPLD “registers all recognized SF State student organizations” and “trains student leaders and
5 advises students regarding event planning [and] University policy...” A copy of Defendants’
6 Student Organization Handbook is attached as Exhibit A to this Complaint.

7 22. The Student Organization Handbook requires student organizations to “abide by
8 all University policies, and local, state and federal laws,” including those cited herein.

9 23. The Student Organization Handbook contains a section entitled “Student Group
10 Misconduct,” which permits student organizations to be held collectively accountable “when the
11 behavior is inconsistent with SF State *goals, principles* and policies.” (*See Ex. A*) (emphasis
12 added). SFSU’s “goals” and “principles” are not defined.

13 24. SFSU’s Student Code republishes California Code of Regulations, Title 5, section
14 41301. California Education Code, title 3, section 89030 gives the CSU trustees, including
15 Defendants herein, the authority to adopt regulations governing CSU campuses. The CSU
16 trustees promulgated California Code of Regulations, Title 5, section 41301. A copy of Cal.
17 Code Regs. tit. 5, § 41301 is attached as Exhibit B to this Complaint.

18 25. The Student Code is enforced at SFSU by Defendants Corrigan, Saffold and
19 Greenwell, and requires students to abide by certain “responsibilities.” One “responsibility” of
20 students is that they “*be civil* to one another and to others in the campus community...” Cal.
21 Code Regs. tit. 5, § 41301 (2007) (emphasis added). A copy of the relevant portions of
22 Defendants’ 2006-07 *SFSU Bulletin*, which contains the Student Code, is attached as Exhibit C
23 to this Complaint.

24 26. The Student Code also contains a list of “Unacceptable Student Behaviors” that
25 are “subject to disciplinary sanctions,” including: “... (7) Conduct that threatens or endangers
26 the health or safety of any person within or related to the University community, including
27 physical abuse, threats, *intimidation, harassment*, or sexual misconduct.” (*See Ex. C*) (emphasis
28 added). The Student Code does not define “intimidation” or “harassment.”

1 27. On information and belief, Defendants' Sexual Harassment Policy was
2 promulgated by Defendant Corrigan through University Executive Order #95-18. The Sexual
3 Harassment Policy permits the University to "expel students for sexual harassment." A copy of
4 Defendants' Sexual Harassment Policy, University Executive Order #95-18, is contained in the
5 2006-07 *SFSU Bulletin*, previously attached as Exhibit C to this Complaint.

6 28. The Sexual Harassment Policy contains a definition of sexual harassment that
7 gives the University the power to punish any offensive behavior on campus that "emphasizes
8 another person's sexuality." It defines sexual harassment, in relevant part, as conduct which has
9 "the *purpose or effect* of hindering performance by creating or allowing sexually intimidating,
10 hostile, or offensive behavior to occur in the university or in the university-related setting." (*See*
11 *Ex. C*) (emphasis added).

12 29. Students and student organizations at SFSU are subject to discipline for violating
13 the Student Code, the Student Organization Handbook, or any other University policy, including
14 the Sexual Harassment Policy.

15 30. Defendant Greenwell and OSPLD can refer complaints of student organization
16 misconduct to SFSU's Student Organization Hearing Panel ("SOHP"), which can "investigate
17 and review allegations of violations of University policy, practices and law by student
18 organizations." (*See Ex. A.*)

19 31. OSPLD maintains a "Student Group Misconduct" policy, which contains
20 "procedures for filing complaints of alleged violation of University Policies & Complaint
21 Disposition." A copy of Defendants' Student Group Misconduct policy is attached as Exhibit D
22 to this Complaint.

23 32. The Student Group Misconduct policy contains two methods of resolving a
24 complaint, informal resolution and formal disciplinary proceedings. The Student Group
25 Misconduct policy contains the following statement:

26 Informal Resolution of Charges (Optional)—*At the discretion of the Director of*
27 *OSPLD*, a meeting may be convened with representatives of the organization
28 charged and the complaining party, to reach an informal resolution to be agreed
 upon by both parties. The meeting will occur within three (3) working days of the
 date of the notification of charges letter. If the representatives of the student

1 organization charged and the complaining party reach a mutually acceptable
2 agreement, the matter shall be closed. If no agreement is reached within five (5)
3 working days of the notification of charges letter, the matter will proceed to
SOHP for review and determination.

4 Formal Disciplinary Proceedings—All allegations of misconduct against a
5 recognized student organization, when not resolved with an informal resolution as
stated above shall be subject to formal review by SOHP.

6 (*See Ex. D*) (emphasis added). The Director of OSPLD, Defendant Greenwell, chooses whether
7 to resolve the complaint formally or informally.

8 33. When a formal disciplinary proceeding is chosen, OSPLD refers the matter to
9 SOHP. The Student Group Misconduct policy describes SOHP in the following statement:

10 Student Organization Hearing Panel (SOHP)—The Student Organization Hearing
11 Panel is comprised of campus students, faculty and staff for the purpose of
12 hearing student organization violations and determining sanctions.

13 Composition of Panel—The panel shall consist of five (5) voting members: two
14 (2) students (ASI appointments), one (1) staff member (Vice President for Student
15 Affairs appointment), and two (2) faculty members (Academic Senate
16 appointments). The SOHP members serve a one-year term and the Director of the
OSPLD convenes the Panel. The Associate Vice President for Student Affairs
appoints the Chair of SOHP.

17 (*See Ex. D.*)

18 34. When SOHP finds a student organization violated a University policy or local,
19 state or federal law, it may impose punishment on the student organization or its members or
20 both. Possible punishment includes a letter of warning, censure, probation, suspension, and
21 revocation of recognition.

22 **B. SFSU's Discriminatory Treatment of Plaintiffs.**

23 35. Plaintiff College Republicans at San Francisco State University ("College
24 Republicans") was founded in 2003. It serves as one of the only politically conservative voices
25 at SFSU and has approximately three hundred (300) members. College Republicans seeks to
26 foster, publicize and sustain conservatism on campus and in the San Francisco community.

1 36. Plaintiffs Leigh Wolf and Trent Downes are members of College Republicans and
2 consistently engage in conversations and class discussions regarding issues implicated by
3 SFSU's speech codes.

4 37. Plaintiffs fear that the discussion of their social, cultural, political and/or religious
5 views may be sanctionable under applicable CSU and University speech codes.

6 38. Specifically, SFSU and Defendants Corrigan, Saffold and Greenwell enforced
7 University speech codes against Plaintiffs in violation of their First Amendment rights by
8 conducting a five-month investigation into Plaintiffs' protected expression on campus.

9 39. On October 17, 2006, between 12 p.m. and 2 p.m., College Republicans,
10 including Plaintiffs herein, held an Anti-Terrorism Rally (the "Rally") in Malcolm X Plaza on
11 SFSU's campus.

12 40. The purpose of the Rally was three-fold. First, College Republicans wanted to
13 educate members of the campus about terrorism, both domestic and abroad, and its affect on
14 different countries, including the United States. Second, it wanted to memorialize those who
15 have been victims of recent terrorist attacks. Third, it wanted to identify prominent terrorist
16 organizations around the world and trigger a dialogue about how to properly respond to these
17 groups. College Republicans was particularly concerned with two groups, Hamas and
18 Hezbollah, which it perceives as being particularly dangerous terrorist organizations.

19 41. In the context of creating symbolism for the Rally, members of College
20 Republicans painted butcher paper to resemble the flags of Hamas and Hezbollah. Plaintiffs did
21 not know what the markings on the Hamas and Hezbollah flags meant and could not read the
22 Arabic script on the flags.

23 42. At the Rally on October 17, Plaintiffs placed the Hamas and Hezbollah flags on
24 the ground and stepped on them. This was intentionally done to mimic the way in which these
25 organizations have protested the United States. Unbeknownst to any member of College
26 Republicans, both flags contain Arabic script representing the word "Allah."

27 43. A large group of students gathered in Malcolm X Plaza to watch the Rally. Some
28 of these students expressed anger to the members of College Republicans that the flags contained

1 the word "Allah." Several of these students discussed with College Republicans how to resolve
2 the matter. College Republicans did not intend to offend anyone of Islamic belief. Accordingly,
3 College Republicans provided the concerned students with markers, and agreed to let them mark
4 over the word "Allah" so that it was no longer visible.

5 44. On information and belief, some students threatened to attack the members of
6 College Republicans if they did not stop stepping on the flags.

7 45. On information and belief, one student, Farhad Rahimi, was not satisfied by the
8 alterations, and claimed he could still see the word "Allah" on the Hamas flag. Mr. Rahimi
9 became visibly angry, and admitted that he was going to do "what I have to do to stop them
10 [College Republicans] from disrespecting." Mr. Rahimi then threatened to attack Plaintiffs if
11 they continued to step on the flag, and climbed on stage to prevent anyone else from stepping on
12 the flag. A member of College Republicans asked Mr. Rahimi what they could do to keep the
13 situation peaceful. Mr. Rahimi asked that the Hamas flag be removed.

14 46. SFSU police officers and administrators were approximately twenty to thirty (20-
15 30) feet away from this incident and took no action when the students threatened the Plaintiffs.

16 47. Because SFSU police and administrators did nothing to protect Plaintiffs and their
17 free speech rights, College Republicans agreed to remove the Hamas flag from the Rally and
18 rolled it up and gave it to Mr. Rahimi, who then left the stage.

19 48. College Republicans concluded the Rally without further incident.

20 49. On or about October 26, 2006, Brian Gallagher, an SFSU student, filed a formal
21 complaint about the Rally with OSPLD. Mr. Gallagher alleged that "the College Republicans
22 publicly and very evidently walked over and trekked over a banner with Arabic script. That
23 Arabic script represented the word 'Allah,' otherwise known as the name of God in Arabic."
24 This act, the letter claims, was a "route of intolerance and stupidity." Mr. Gallagher, citing Cal.
25 Code Regs. tit. 5, § 41301(a), alleged that College Republicans had "incited violence," created a
26 "hostile environment," and engaged in "actions of incivility." A copy of Mr. Gallagher's letter is
27 attached as Exhibit E to this Complaint.

1 50. On information and belief, after submitting his complaint, Mr. Gallagher solicited
2 letters from other students explaining why they found the act of stepping on the flags “offensive”
3 and “disrespectful.” These letters and e-mails were submitted to OSPLD for review with Mr.
4 Gallagher’s complaint. Copies of the letters and e-mails submitted with Mr. Gallagher’s
5 complaint are attached as Exhibit F to this Complaint.

6 51. Several weeks after Mr. Gallagher filed his complaint, Defendant Greenwell,
7 Director of OSPLD, notified the College Republicans that a complaint had been filed and that
8 OSPLD was conducting a preliminary investigation. Thinking the issue could be resolved
9 quickly, members of College Republicans agreed to give statements to OSPLD as a part of the
10 investigation.

11 52. On information and belief, no other student organization has been “investigated”
12 by SFSU officials for engaging in constitutionally protected expression.

13 53. Pursuant to the OSPLD Student Group Misconduct policy (Ex. D), upon
14 completing an investigation, OSPLD can proceed in one of three ways. First, it may issue a
15 letter of warning that future violations of university policies could result in more severe
16 disciplinary action. A letter of warning remains in an organization’s file for a period of one year
17 from the date of the letter. Second, the OSPLD Director may meet with representatives from the
18 charged organization and the complaining party and attempt to reach an informal resolution.
19 Third, the OSPLD may refer the charges to the Student Organization Hearing Panel (SOHP) for
20 a formal investigation.

21 54. While the OSPLD conducted its investigation, SFSU’s student government
22 association, Associated Students, Inc. (“ASI”), unanimously passed a resolution condemning
23 College Republicans and the Rally. The resolution stated, in part, that the “Associated Students,
24 Inc. deems the College Republicans’ actions as contrary to university values and feel they should
25 be held accountable by the university for their actions.” It further stated that “The actions on the
26 part of the College Republicans amount to no more than hateful religious intolerance, and
27 constitutes [sic] an attempt to defy policies outlined and defined by San Francisco State
28 University’s values” and claimed the College Republicans “pre-meditated the stomping of the

1 flags knowing it would offend some people and possibly incite violence.” The resolution also
2 made clear that if OSPLD’s investigation into the Rally resulted in a finding of wrongdoing by
3 College Republicans, ASI would immediately withdraw all of College Republicans’ student
4 activity fee funding. A copy of *The Golden Gate* article, “ASI Passes Resolution Against Flag
5 Stomping” by Jason Shuffler, detailing ASI’s unanimous resolution is attached as Exhibit G to
6 this Complaint.

7 55. On information and belief, at all times relevant herein, Mr. Gallagher was a
8 college representative for ASI.

9 56. On or about December 1, 2006, Defendant Greenwell, Director of OSPLD, sent
10 College Republican Carl Clark an e-mail stating that OSPLD completed its investigation and was
11 referring the matter to SOHP for a formal investigation of the charges. A copy of Defendant
12 Greenwell’s December 1, 2006 e-mail to Carl Clark is attached as Exhibit H to this Complaint.

13 57. As stated in the OSPLD policies outlined above, OSPLD refers a matter to SOHP
14 for a formal investigation and hearing when OSPLD believes the complaint is serious enough.
15 Defendant Greenwell made no effort to meet with Mr. Gallagher and representatives from
16 College Republicans to try to resolve the matter informally.

17 58. On information and belief, other student organizations have not been subject to a
18 SOHP hearing for engaging in constitutionally protected expression.

19 59. The Student Group Misconduct policy provides that ASI nominates two members
20 to sit on SOHP. In this instance, ASI nominated Joicy Serrano and Faith Cushenberry, both of
21 whom voted with ASI to condemn the Rally. These two students, in addition to the three other
22 members of SOHP, were appointed to determine the appropriate sanctions for College
23 Republicans.

24 60. After Defendant Greenwell assigned the matter to SOHP, but before a formal
25 hearing, College Republicans and Messrs. Wolf and Downes met weekly during school to
26 review the charges leveled against them, campus policies, and legal documents, all in preparation
27 of their SOHP defense. They found it difficult to balance school, work and the ongoing
28 investigation.

1 61. Despite these pressures and distractions, College Republicans held a “Corporate
2 America Appreciation Day” on January 31, 2007, in the Malcolm X Plaza of SFSU. During the
3 event, Mr. Wolf presented a hand-made flag of Al Qaeda, which also bore the name “Allah.”
4 Mr. Wolf stepped on the flag in protest of Al Qaeda’s terrorist activities and Defendants’
5 “investigation” of his and College Republicans’ free speech activities on October 17, 2006.

6 62. College Republicans contacted the Foundation for Individual Rights in Education
7 (“FIRE”) and the American Civil Liberties Union of Northern California (“ACLU”) for
8 assistance with their defense of the investigation. On January 23, 2007 and March 7, 2007, FIRE
9 wrote Defendant Corrigan (with copies sent to Defendants Saffold and Greenwell) and asked
10 him to terminate OSPLD and SOHP’s investigation of College Republicans’ Rally. FIRE
11 outlined that flag desecration in the context of political protest is clearly protected expressive
12 activity and that any investigation into this activity violated College Republicans’ First
13 Amendment rights. On March 7, 2007, the ACLU also wrote a letter to Defendant Corrigan
14 (with a copy to Defendant Greenwell) outlining that College Republicans had engaged in
15 protected expression. Both of these letters put Defendants Corrigan, Saffold, and Greenwell on
16 notice that their failure to terminate the investigation would result in a violation of College
17 Republicans’ constitutional rights. Copies of the letters sent to Defendant Corrigan by FIRE and
18 the ACLU are attached as Exhibit I to this Complaint.

19 63. Defendants did not terminate the investigation. Instead, SFSU’s spokesperson,
20 Ellen Griffin, told the *San Francisco Chronicle*: “I don’t believe the complaint is about the
21 desecration of the flag. I believe that the complaint is [about] the desecration of Allah.” A Copy
22 of “S.F. State – Hecklers’ paradise,” by Debra J. Saunders is attached as Exhibit J to this
23 Complaint.

24 64. On or about March 9, 2007, SOHP conducted the formal hearing. Mr. Gallagher
25 and members of College Republicans presented testimony to the panel. As the College
26 Republicans presented their testimony, the SOHP members grew increasingly hostile. The
27 SOHP members refused to allow Mr. Wolf to articulate that the Rally was protected expression
28 under United States Supreme Court precedent.

1 65. On March 16, 2007, nearly five (5) months after the Rally, SOHP concluded its
2 investigation of College Republicans, found no violation of the Student Code, and dismissed Mr.
3 Gallagher's complaint.

4 **C. The Effect of SFSU's Unconstitutional Actions and Speech Codes on Plaintiffs.**

5 66. Plaintiffs Wolf and Downes are a members of College Republicans, a politically-
6 interested, expressive student organization which holds (and seeks to advance) opinions and
7 beliefs regarding issues of race, gender, politics, religion and sexual orientation that may be
8 objectionable or offensive to other students and sanctionable under applicable University speech
9 codes.

10 67. Defendants' investigation into Plaintiffs' protected activity had a chilling effect
11 on Plaintiffs' rights to freely and openly engage in appropriate discussions of their theories,
12 ideas, and political and/or religious beliefs. By investigating Plaintiffs' Rally when the only
13 alleged "wrongdoing" was the act of stepping on flags in political protest, Defendants violated
14 rights guaranteed to Plaintiffs by the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States
15 Constitution. These rights are clearly established by well-known legal authority, and
16 Defendants' violations were knowing, intentional, and without justification.

17 68. Moreover, Defendants' investigation into Plaintiffs' expressive activities
18 adversely affected Plaintiffs' academic, extracurricular and personal lives in multiple ways.

19 69. Defendants' baseless investigation caused College Republicans to rethink and
20 reduce its expressive activities on campus and to question whether engaging in free speech at
21 SFSU is worth the risk of possible punishment.

22 70. College Republicans has a reputation as a non-violent student organization at
23 SFSU. Defendants' investigation of the organization for inciting violence, creating a hostile
24 environment and engaging in "incivility" on campus destroyed this reputation.

25 71. Mr. Wolf spent over two hundred (200) hours during SFSU's spring 2007
26 semester defending College Republicans on campus and preparing for the SOHP hearing. As a
27 result of this constant distraction, Mr. Wolf received some of his worst grades as a SFSU student.
28

1 72. Messrs. Wolf and Downes were harassed by fellow students during Defendants'
2 investigation. Wolf and Downes' reputations on campus have been tarnished due to the fact that
3 the only student organization with which they identify on campus was threatened with removal
4 and punishment.

5 73. Much of the SFSU community presumed College Republicans were guilty as
6 charged during the investigation and Defendants did nothing to correct this presumption and
7 protect the reputations of Wolf and Downes.

8 74. As an Episcopalian and non-violent person, Mr. Downes strives to respect other
9 religious viewpoints; thus, Mr. Gallagher's complaint and Defendants' investigation placed a
10 stigma of intolerance on him which he may never shed so long as he is a student at SFSU. Mr.
11 Downes fears for his safety on campus when he and College Republicans hold future events. He
12 fears that if he tries to exercise his free speech rights in the future, they will be permanently
13 silenced by a university and student body that does not truly believe in free speech for all and
14 equal protection under the law.

15 75. The University's speech codes contained in the Student Code, the Sexual
16 Harassment Policy, and the Student Organization Handbook have a chilling effect on Plaintiffs'
17 rights to freely and openly engage in appropriate discussions of their theories, ideas and political
18 and/or religious beliefs. Plaintiffs have already been subjected to prosecution under the Student
19 Code, and based on the University's reaction to their constitutionally protected expression, they
20 realistically fear that prosecution under the other speech codes may occur at any time.

21 76. By adopting these speech codes, Defendants have violated rights guaranteed to
22 the Plaintiffs—and to all University students—by the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the
23 United States Constitution. These rights are clearly established by governing legal authority, and
24 Defendants' violations are knowing, intentional and without justification.

25 77. The speech policies outlined above are vague, overbroad, discriminate on the
26 basis of religious and/or political viewpoint, interfere with the rights of free association, impose
27 unconstitutional conditions on the receipt of state benefits, and constitute an illegal prior restraint
28 on Plaintiffs' rights of free speech and assembly. These speech policies are therefore facially

1 invalid and invalid as-applied under the Free Speech Clause of the First Amendment and the Due
2 Process and Equal Protection Clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment. So long as these speech
3 policies remain in effect, the Defendants are causing ongoing and irreparable harm to Plaintiffs
4 and to every student and student organization at the University.

5 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

6 **Violation of the Plaintiffs Right to Freedom of Expression** 7 **and Due Process of Law (42 U.S.C. § 1983)—Speech Code**

8 78. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each of the foregoing allegations in this Complaint.

9 79. By prohibiting “intimidation [and] harassment”; conduct that “has the purpose or
10 effect of hindering performance by creating or allowing sexually intimidating, hostile, or
11 offensive behavior to occur”; “behavior [that] is inconsistent with SF State goals, principles and
12 policies;” and requiring students “to be civil to one another”; among other things, Defendants
13 have conditioned the permissibility of speech on the subjective emotional experience of the
14 listener and have enacted regulations that limit and prohibit speech without providing any
15 objective guidelines by which Plaintiffs can guide their behavior.

16 80. Defendants, acting under color of state law and according to policy and practice,
17 have enacted regulations (including, but not limited to the Student Code, Sexual Harassment
18 Policy, and Student Organization Handbook) that are both vague and overbroad and have
19 therefore deprive Plaintiffs of their clearly established due process rights guaranteed by the
20 Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and their clearly established rights to
21 freedom of speech and expression secured by the First Amendment to the United States
22 Constitution.

23 81. Because of Defendants’ actions, Plaintiffs have suffered, and continue to suffer,
24 irreparable injury that cannot be fully compensated by an award of money damages.

25 82. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, Plaintiffs are entitled to declaratory
26 relief and a preliminary and permanent injunction invalidating and restraining enforcement of the
27 University’s speech-restrictive Student Code of Conduct (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 5, § 41301),
28 Sexual Harassment Policy (University Executive Order #95-18), Student Organization

1 Handbook, and other speech-restrictive policies. Additionally, Plaintiffs are entitled to damages
2 in an amount to be determined by the Court and the reasonable costs of this lawsuit, including
3 their reasonable attorneys' fees.

4 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

5 **Violation of Plaintiffs' First Amendment Right** 6 **to Freedom of Expression (42 U.S.C. § 1983)—Speech Code**

7 83. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each of the foregoing allegations in this Complaint.

8 84. By prohibiting "intimidation [and] harassment"; conduct that "has the purpose or
9 effect of hindering performance by creating or allowing sexually intimidating, hostile, or
10 offensive behavior to occur"; "behavior [that] is inconsistent with SF State goals, principles and
11 policies"; and requiring students "to be civil to one another"; among other things, Defendants,
12 acting under color of state law and according to policy and practice, have explicitly and
13 implicitly discriminated on the basis of viewpoint and deprived Plaintiffs of their clearly
14 established rights to freedom of speech and expression secured by the First Amendment to the
15 Constitution of the United States.

16 85. Because of Defendants' policies and actions, Plaintiffs have suffered, and
17 continue to suffer, irreparable injury which cannot be fully compensated by an award of money
18 damages.

19 86. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, Plaintiffs are entitled to declaratory
20 relief and a preliminary and permanent injunction invalidating and restraining enforcement of the
21 University's speech restrictive Student Code of Conduct (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 5, § 41301),
22 Sexual Harassment Policy (University Executive Order #95-18), Student Organization
23 Handbook, and other speech-restrictive policies. Additionally, Plaintiffs are entitled to damages
24 in an amount to be determined by the Court and the reasonable costs of this lawsuit, including
25 their reasonable attorneys' fees.

26 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

27 **Unconstitutional Conditions (42 U.S.C. § 1983)**

28 87. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each of the foregoing allegations in this Complaint.

1 93. Because of Defendants' policies and actions, Plaintiffs have suffered, and
2 continue to suffer, economic injury and irreparable harm. They, therefore, are entitled to an
3 award of monetary damages, including punitive damages, and equitable relief.

4 94. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, Plaintiffs are entitled to a declaration
5 that Defendants violated their First Amendment rights. Additionally, Plaintiffs are entitled to
6 damages in an amount to be determined by the evidence and this Court and the reasonable costs
7 of this lawsuit, including their reasonable attorneys' fees.

8 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

9 **First Amendment Retaliation** 10 **(42 U.S.C. § 1983)—Investigating Plaintiffs' Free Speech**

11 95. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each of the foregoing allegations in this Complaint.

12 96. By investigating and threatening Plaintiffs with discipline for an act of clearly
13 constitutionally protected expression, among other things, Defendants, acting under color of state
14 law and according to policy and practice, have explicitly and implicitly discriminated on the
15 basis of viewpoint, retaliated against Plaintiffs' because of their free expression, and deprived
16 Plaintiffs of their clearly established rights to freedom of speech and expression secured by the
17 First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

18 97. Because of Defendants' policies and actions, Plaintiffs have suffered, and
19 continue to suffer, economic injury and irreparable harm. They, therefore, are entitled to an
20 award of monetary damages, including punitive damages, and equitable relief.

21 98. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, Plaintiffs are entitled to a declaration
22 that Defendants violated their First Amendment rights. Additionally, Plaintiffs are entitled to
23 damages in an amount to be determined by the evidence and this Court and the reasonable costs
24 of this lawsuit, including their reasonable attorneys' fees.

25 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

26 **Violation of Plaintiffs' Fourteenth Amendment Right** 27 **to Equal Protection of Law (42 U.S.C. § 1983)**

28 99. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each of the foregoing allegations in this Complaint.

- 1 D. An order requiring Defendants to expunge from school records all mention of the
2 disciplinary investigation;
- 3 E. Monetary damages for the illegal speech codes in an amount to be determined by the
4 Court;
- 5 F. Monetary damages in the amount of \$5,000.00 for infringing upon Plaintiffs' exercise
6 of their First Amendment rights;
- 7 G. Monetary punitive damages (for Defendants' actions in their individual capacities) for
8 infringing upon Plaintiffs' exercise of their First Amendment rights;
- 9 H. Plaintiffs' reasonable costs and expenses of this action, including attorneys' fees, in
10 accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 1988 and other applicable law;
- 11 I. All other further relief to which Plaintiffs may be entitled.

12
13 Respectfully submitted this 9th day of July, 2007,

14 

15 DAVID J. HACKER
16 California Bar No. 249272
17 Illinois Bar No. 6283022
18 Alliance Defense Fund
19 101 Parkshore Drive, Suite 100
20 Folsom, California 95630
21 (916) 932-2850
22 (916) 932-2851—facsimile
23 dhacker@telladf.org

24 DAVID A. FRENCH*
25 Tennessee Bar No. 16692
26 Kentucky Bar No. 86986
27 Alliance Defense Fund
28 7141 Old Zion Road
Columbia, Tennessee 38401
(931) 490-0591
(931) 490-7989—facsimile
dfrench@telladf.org

BENJAMIN W. BULL
Arizona Bar No. 009940
TRAVIS C. BARHAM*
Arizona Bar No. 024867
Alliance Defense Fund
15333 N. Pima Road, Suite 165
Scottsdale, Arizona 85260
(480) 444-0020
(480) 444-0028—facsimile
bbull@telladf.org
tbarham@telladf.org

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

**Pro hac vice* applications forthcoming

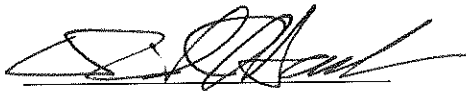
1 **FRCP 7.1 CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

2 This Corporate Disclosure Statement is filed on behalf of College Republicans at San
3 Francisco State University in compliance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 7.1.

4 College Republicans at San Francisco State University is an unincorporated student
5 organization at San Francisco State University; it has no parent corporation and has not issued,
6 nor will it issue, publicly held stock. Thus, no other corporation holds any stock in College
7 Republicans at San Francisco State University.

8 A supplemental disclosure statement will be filed upon any change in the information
9 provided herein.

10
11 Respectfully submitted this 9th day of July, 2007,

12
13 

14 DAVID J. HACKER
15 Attorney for Plaintiffs
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

